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Hats & Caps?



Are Now Offering, for a few Weeks, at
GEO. H. HAYMES,
TO ENABLE HIM TO CLEAR OUT THE REMAINDER OF HIS SUMMER STOCK.

HATS & CAPS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

AND MADE TO ORDER.
GEO. H. HAYMES

[illegible]

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE, IN RESPONSE TO A RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, JANUARY 18, 1870.

J. W. TURNER.

T HIS OLD STAND,



CORNER OF HOTEL & FRONT STS.,

WOOD & COAL STOVES, CRATES & C.

OF the most improved patterns, which offers to the public VERY LOW PRICES. He is still manufacturing all kinds of **TIN, COPPER, SHEET & ALUMINUM**.
 Belleville, Feby 18th, 1862. 27-60

PAPER MANUFACTORY.
 The Moira Paper Mills.
BELLEVILLE, C. W., is now opened by **B. FORD & CO.** for the manufacture of all kinds of **WRAPPING and PRINT PAPER.** The Machinery having been put in thorough repair, they can offer a quality second to none in the Province. All orders attended to with despatch and punctuality.
 All kinds of Fancy **COLORED PAPERS** made to order.
FORD & CO.
 March 24th, 1862. 32

To the Electors of Quinte Division:
 GENTLEMEN,—As I have other subjects to bring before you, relative to the interests of our Country, which I am now preparing, I think it unnecessary to keep my present Address longer before you please to attend. I will confine my remarks to see you all personally, and will place you all publicly before the **ELECTIONS.**
 July 28th, 1862. 50

PATTERSON'S
 CANINE, OFFICIAL, JACQUET

MR. RELYEA continues to be

[illegible]

James Meagher, Simon Ballantyne,
Henry H. Goldsmith, Robert G. Davis,
Wm. Delong, J. D. Anderson.

[illegible]

PUBLIC AUCTION,

tomorrow, at the hour of *Twelve o'clock noon*, at the Court House in Belleville, the West half of Lot Number Sixty, in the Second of main, Broken Front, in the Township of Eaglebluffs, in the County of Taylor, Edward, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres.
 And
 Also—Part of the East half of said Lot Number Sixty, more particularly described and set out in said Mortgage.
 Particulars as to terms, &c., may be had on application at the Law Office of Walbridge Brother, in Belleville, and of
 EDIJAH KETCHESON,
Solicitor.
 Dated this 18th day of August, 1892.

[they were surrounded on three sides and

the only mode of escape being a narrow defile in the mountain, which the artillery would soon have made impassable.

Among the rebel officers known to have been killed, were Gen. Garland of Leesburg, and Col. Strong of the 16th Virginia; the body of the latter was obtained to-day by a flag of truce.

At daylight this morning our worst fears were realized. The rebels under cover of the night had left on their march to the

Gen'l McClellan was on the field during the whole day and night, conducting all movements in person.

Yesterday Gen. Franklin's *corps* advanced to a mountain pass, six miles nearer Harper's Ferry, where he engaged the enemy, holding that pass for about three hours, resulting in a complete rout of the enemy with heavy loss. Our loss in the action was about 250 killed and wounded.

The rebel loss during the day and night was fully 35,000 killed, wounded and

Gen. Lee acknowledges to the citizens of Boonsboro that they had been defeated with terrible loss.

Our loss in killed and wounded will probably reach 3,000. We lost but few prisoners.

LATER.

FREDERICK, Sept. 16.

I regret to have to announce the sur-

der of Harper's Ferry, with all the force and stores there, to the enemy, at 9 o'clock on Monday morning. Enlisted men and some officers have been paroled and arrived here. From them I gather the following particulars: The rebels commenced the attack on Friday, noon, on our forces on Maryland heights. Skirmishing continued throughout the day, and was renewed Saturday. The enemy was driven to

with considerable loss. They came upon several times and were repulsed. When it was discovered that they were approaching in overwhelming force, the order was given to spike the guns and throw them down the mountain. The whole force from the heights then returned in safety, the guns from Camp Hill shelling the enemy when they attempted to pursue our retreating men. On Sunday morning a party of our men again

ced the heights and brought away the field pieces which they had left unspiked Sunday at noon the rebels appeared in force on London Heights. Miles shot them from point to point. Some of the guns were dislodged, but they still managed to keep up a brisk fire from some of the batteries, which were run back out of sight and loaded. The cannonading was kept all day Sunday without doing much

age. The firing ceased at dusk on Sunday evening and was resumed again on Monday morning at daylight, and kept up till 10 o'clock, when Miles ordered the whistle to be raised; there was considerable fog and smoke, and the enemy did not see the ship or would not see it, and kept up a heavy fire for three quarters of an hour.

About two minutes after the flag was hoisted a shell struck Col. Miles, shattering

night leg. It was amputated before prisoners were paroled. There were 2,300 cavalry in the command, all of but about 40 escaped about eight o'clock Sunday night, and cut their way through to Greencastle with but little loss. The balance of the troops numbering from 6, to 8,000, with Gen. White's command at Martinsburg, were all surrounded.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 1

A despatch, just received at New York, says Jackson has re-crossed the Potomac, and McClellan has engaged him. The tremendous force this side of Sharpsburg, ten miles from that place, the whole army in Maryland will be annihilated, captured this night.

New York, Sept. 1.

The morning papers contain nothing additional to what was telegraphed last night.

The following important intelligence has just been received. It puts a new light upon the condition of affairs at Harpers Ferry, and shows that although there has been no direct intelligence from Gen. Clellan during to-day, the enemy evidently panic stricken, and unwilling await the approach of his victorious

even in the strong position where, by
of overwhelming numbers, the small
son under Col. Miles and Gen. White
compelled to surrender after nearly
days hard fighting, and after Col.
had been wounded and incapacitated
further participation in the defense of
position.

Washington, Sept.

A gentleman arrived from Annapolis

The whole number, in marching the city to the camp, excited the sympathy of the citizens because of their tattered and destitute condition. Many of them without shoes, hats or coats.

will doubtless be promptly met by the necessities. It is represented that the number of paroled prisoners at the camps between 8,000 and 11,000 awaiting exchange. There are about 2000 sick and wounded in the hospitals.

Harrisburg, Sept. 10.

We have just received tidings of the portions of the rebel army having crossed this side of the Potomac, numbering about 70,000 men.

Later, Solo P. M.—A battle is reported as going on all this afternoon. The rebels are not yet known.

New York, Sept. 10.—The *Times*' correspondent states that Longstreet was killed, and Hill captured our forces.

The information is telegraphed to from the *Herald* correspondent at Richmond. An officer who has just arrived

Harper's Ferry reports that the rebels evacuated the place in a great hurry. They are sending everything up the river as fast as possible. They left per's Ferry in such haste that they had no time to complete parolling the place and a number were undoubtedly taken in consequence.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some faint smudges and discoloration, characteristic of old paper. The left edge of the page is bound into a dark, possibly black, inner cover material. There is no text or other markings on the page.

